

Signals, Instruments and Systems

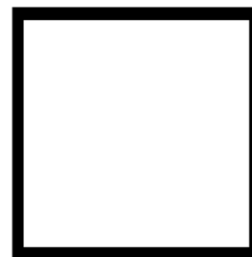
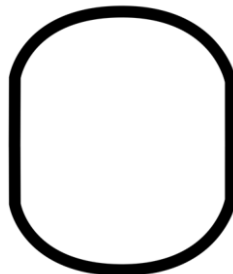
Project presentation: Line Following using e-puck's camera

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Goals

- Find line
- Perform line following
- Avoid obstacles
- Try different pathways
- Implement odometry

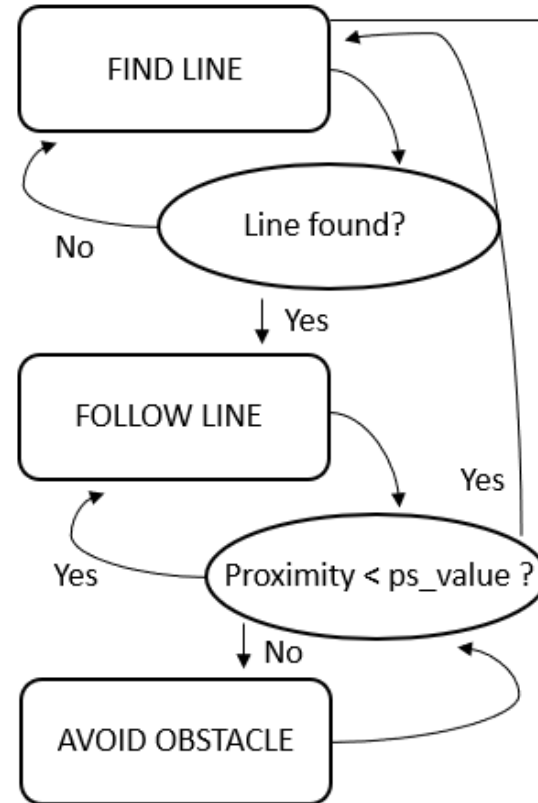


Implemented shapes

Strategy: state machine

Sensors used:

- camera sensor
- proximity sensors



Strategy: odometry

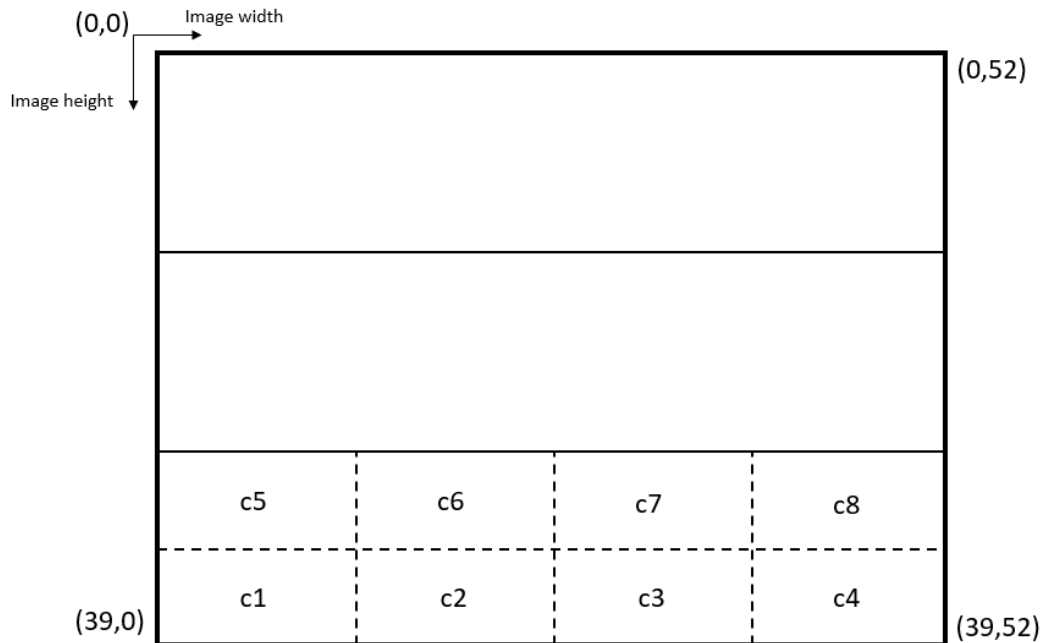
- **Method for the robot to estimate its position using its devices**
- **Proprioceptive sensor used : Motor sensors in Webots controller to take wheels rotation angles**
- **Implementation of a supervisor, an exteroceptive sensor, to compare positions**

- **Camera** configuration
- Conversion to **grayscale** pictures

→ `wb_camera_image_get_gray`

Image slice allow:

- count black pixels
- concentrate only on a specific part



Implementation: code

Steps:

1. Reading **sensor values**
(proximity and camera)
2. Action = ... → switch **case** ‘ ‘
3. Execution of the part of code
belonging to the state

Algorithm 1 Code explanation

```
Main function{  
  while(){  
    call function: analyse_image, obstacle ...  
    switch (action){  
      case 'L': ...  
      case 'F': ...  
      case 'O': ...  
    } end switch  
  } end while  
} end main
```

Implementation: find line

Looking line :

```
if (*c2!=0){ //condition for line found
    return 1;
}
else{ //for the other case
    --> charge the wheel speed to go straight
    printf("Looking for the line");
}
return 0;
```

```
switch(action){
    case 'L': //looking for the line
        line_found = looking line;
        if (line_found == 1){
            action = 'F';} //follow line
    break;
```

Implementation: line following

Follow line:

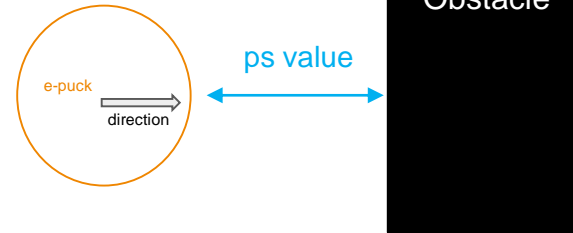
```
if(*c==0){ //arrive at the end of the line
  --> turn back
}
else if (*c_left > *c_right){ //follow the line without turning to much
  --> turn left
}
else if (*c_left < *c_right){ //follow the line without turning to much
  --> turn right
}
...
else{ //if it does not enter a condition go straight
  --> go straight
}
--> put speed in the wheels
```

- Counting pixels
- Checking if there is black pixels

```
case 'F': // follow the line once the line was found
  follow_line();
  if(ds_value[] > 350){ //avoid obstacles
    action = '0';
  }
  break;
```


Implementation: avoid obstacles

E-puck maximum **distance** with an objects:



Braitenberg **coefficient**:

$$\{(140, -35), (110, -15), (80, -10), (-10, -10), (-15, -10), (-5, 80), (-30, 90), (-20, 160)\}$$

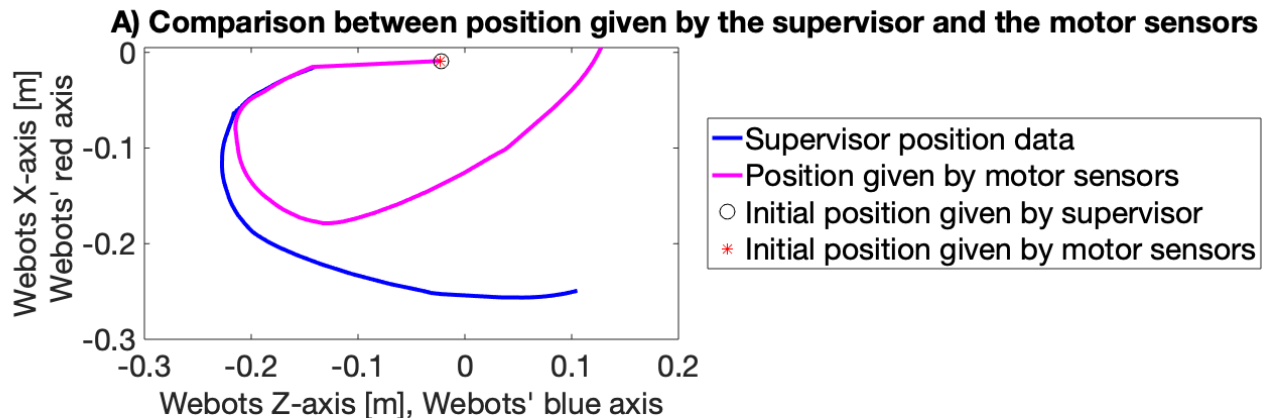
Braitenberg : **simple linear combination** of parameters and sensor values

$$\text{speed}_{right} = \sum_{i=0}^n \alpha_{right,i} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{psvalue_i}{psrange}\right)$$

$$\text{speed}_{left} = \sum_{i=0}^n \alpha_{left,i} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{psvalue_i}{psrange}\right)$$

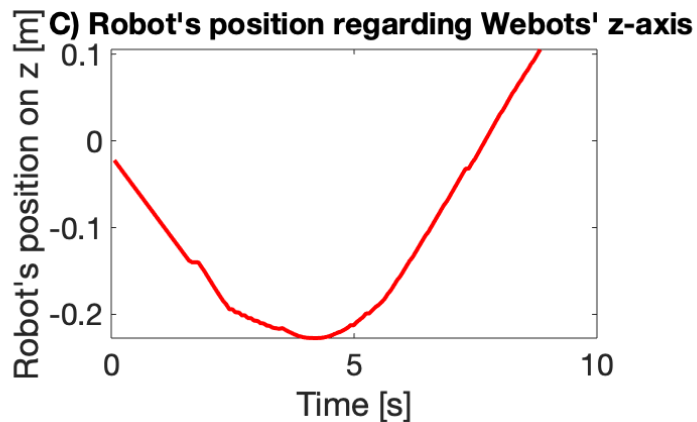
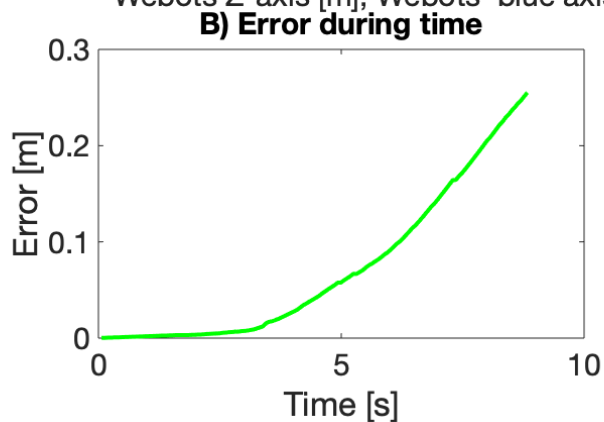
About turn
S shape

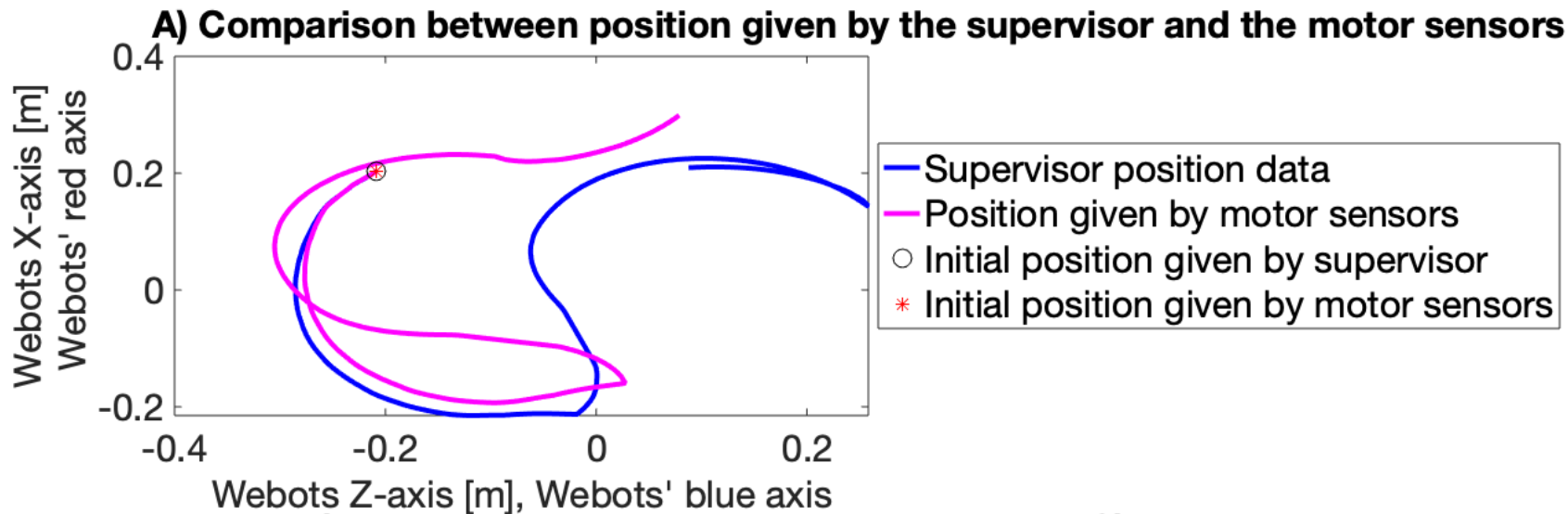
Obstacle
Oval shape



Rational angle at time T :

$$\gamma(T) = \theta_0 + \pi + \sum_{t=0}^T \theta(t)$$





Achieved

- Detect line
- Follow line
- Avoid obstacles
- Different shapes: oval, square, S
- Different thickness: normal, mean, thin
- Implement odometry

Further developments

- Blue color
- Improvement of the angle for square shape
- Bypass the obstacles
- Adapt method used for odometry

- **Reflexion**
 - Global reflection for an efficient implementation of the code
 - Understand errors source

- **Acknowledge from the project**
 - C language and Code debugging
 - Webots
 - Odometry

- **Teamwork**

Reading and acknowledgements

- [1] Lab 8 , Signals, Instruments and Systems course, 19/20
- [2] Lab 9 , Signals, Instruments and Systems course, 18/19
- [3] Webots User Guide [Online], Available: <https://www.cyberbotics.com/doc/guide/index>
- [4] Week 10 , Signals, Instruments and Systems course 19/20
- [5] Advanced Technologies Lab, The University of Michigan, Measurement Correction of Systematic Odometry Errors in Mobile Robots, 4, Available : <https://cs.au.dk/ocaprani/legolab/DigitalControl.dir/NXT/Lesson10.dir/paper58.pdf>

Thank you for your attention !